CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5018

Chapter 88, Laws of 2011

62nd Legislature 2011 Regular Session

OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY--WOUND CARE MANAGEMENT

EFFECTIVE DATE: 07/22/11

Passed by the Senate February 23, 2011 YEAS 48 NAYS 0

BRAD OWEN

President of the Senate

Passed by the House April 6, 2011 YEAS 97 NAYS 0

FRANK CHOPP

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Approved April 15, 2011, 2:44 p.m.

CERTIFICATE

I, Thomas Hoemann, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5018** as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.

THOMAS HOEMANN

Secretary

FILED

April 15, 2011

CHRISTINE GREGOIRE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5018

Passed Legislature - 2011 Regular Session

State of Washington 62nd Legislature 2011 Regular Session

By Senate Health & Long-Term Care (originally sponsored by Senators Keiser, Conway, Shin, Schoesler, Hobbs, Kline, and McAuliffe)

READ FIRST TIME 01/20/11.

AN ACT Relating to wound care management in occupational therapy; amending RCW 18.59.020 and 18.59.160; adding a new section to chapter 8.59 RCW; and creating a new section.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 18.59.020 and 1999 c 333 s 1 are each amended to read 6 as follows:

7 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in8 this section apply throughout this chapter.

9

(1) "Board" means the board of occupational therapy practice.

10 (2) "Occupational therapy" is the scientifically based use of purposeful activity with individuals who are limited by physical injury 11 12 or illness, psychosocial dysfunction, developmental or learning disabilities, or the aging process in order to maximize independence, 13 14 prevent disability, and maintain health. The practice encompasses 15 evaluation, treatment, and consultation. Specific occupational therapy services include but are not limited to: Using specifically designed 16 17 activities and exercises to enhance neurodevelopmental, cognitive, perceptual motor, sensory integrative, and psychomotor functioning; 18 19 administering and interpreting tests such as manual muscle and sensory integration; teaching daily living skills; developing prevocational skills and play and avocational capabilities; designing, fabricating, or applying selected orthotic and prosthetic devices or selected adaptive equipment; wound care management as provided in section 3 of this act; and adapting environments for ((the-handicapped)) persons with disabilities. These services are provided individually, in groups, or through social systems.

8 (3) "Occupational therapist" means a person licensed to practice9 occupational therapy under this chapter.

10 (4) "Occupational therapy assistant" means a person licensed to 11 assist in the practice of occupational therapy under the supervision or 12 with the regular consultation of an occupational therapist.

(5) "Occupational therapy aide" means a person who is trained to perform specific occupational therapy techniques under professional supervision as defined by the board but who does not perform activities that require advanced training in the sciences or practices involved in the profession of occupational therapy.

18 (6) "Occupational therapy practitioner" means a person who is 19 credentialed as an occupational therapist or occupational therapy 20 assistant.

(7) "Person" means any individual, partnership, unincorporated organization, or corporate body, except that only an individual may be licensed under this chapter.

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(8) "Department" means the department of health.

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(9) "Secretary" means the secretary of health.

26 (10) "Sharp debridement" means the removal of loose or loosely 27 adherent devitalized tissue with the use of tweezers, scissors, or 28 scalpel, without any type of anesthesia other than topical anesthetics. 29 "Sharp debridement" does not mean surgical debridement.

(11) "Wound care management" means a part of occupational therapy 30 treatment_that_facilitates_healing, prevents_edema, infection, and 31 excessive scar formation, and minimizes wound complications. Treatment 32 may include: Assessment of wound healing status; patient education; 33 selection and application of dressings; cleansing of the wound and 34 35 surrounding areas; application of topical medications, as provided 36 under RCW 18.59.160; use of physical agent modalities; application of 37 pressure garments and nonweight-bearing orthotic devices, excluding high-temperature custom foot orthotics made from a mold; sharp 38

1 <u>debridement of devitalized tissue; debridement of devitalized tissue</u>

2 with other agents; and adapting activities of daily living to promote

3 <u>independence during wound healing</u>.

4 **Sec. 2.** RCW 18.59.160 and 2009 c 68 s 1 are each amended to read 5 as follows:

6 An occupational therapist licensed under this chapter may purchase, 7 store, and administer topical and transdermal medications such as hydrocortisone, dexamethasone, fluocinonide, topical anesthetics, 8 lidocaine, magnesium sulfate, and other similar medications for the 9 10 practice of occupational therapy as prescribed by a health care 11 provider with prescribing authority as authorized in RCW 18.59.100. 12 Administration of medication must be documented in the patient's 13 medical record. Some medications may be applied by the use of iontophoresis and phonophoresis. An occupational therapist may not 14 purchase, store, or administer controlled substances. A pharmacist who 15 16 dispenses such drugs to a licensed occupational therapist is not liable 17 for any adverse reactions caused by any method of use by the occupational therapist. ((Application of a prescribed medication to a 18 wound-as-authorized-in-this-statute-does-not-constitute-wound-care 19 20 management.)) Application of a topical medication to a wound is subject 21 to section 3 of this act.

22 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 18.59 RCW 23 to read as follows:

24 (1)(a) An occupational therapist licensed under this chapter may 25 provide wound care management only:

(i) In the course of occupational therapy treatment to return patients to functional performance in their everyday occupations under the referral and direction of a physician or other authorized health care provider listed in RCW 18.59.100 in accordance with their scope of practice. The referring provider must evaluate the patient prior to referral to an occupational therapist for wound care; and

32 (ii) After filing an affidavit under subsection (2)(b) of this 33 section.

34 (b) An occupational therapist may not delegate wound care35 management, including any form of debridement.

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(2)(a) Debridement is not an entry-level skill and requires 1 2 specialized training, which must include: Indications and contraindications for the use of debridement; appropriate selection and 3 use of clean and sterile techniques; selection of appropriate tools, 4 such as scissors, forceps, or scalpel; identification of viable and 5 devitalized tissues; and conditions which require referral back to the б 7 referring provider. Training must be provided through continuing education, mentoring, cotreatment, and observation. Consultation with 8 the referring provider is required if the wound exposes anatomical 9 10 structures underlying the skin, such as tendon, muscle, or bone, or if there is an obvious worsening of the condition, or signs of infection. 11

(b)(i) Occupational therapists may perform wound care management upon showing evidence of adequate education and training by submitting an affidavit to the board attesting to their education and training as follows:

(A) For occupational therapists performing any part of wound care 16 17 management, except sharp debridement with a scalpel, a minimum of fifteen hours of mentored training in a clinical setting is required to 18 the affidavit. Mentored training 19 be documented in includes observation, cotreatment, and supervised treatment by a licensed 20 21 occupational therapist who is authorized to perform wound care 22 management under this section or a health care provider who is authorized to perform wound care management in his or her scope of 23 24 practice. Fifteen hours mentored training in a clinical setting must 25 include a case mix similar to the occupational therapist's expected 26 practice;

27 (B) For occupational therapists performing sharp debridement with a scalpel, a minimum of two thousand hours in clinical practice and an 28 additional minimum of fifteen hours of mentored sharp debridement 29 training in the use of a scalpel in a clinical setting is required to 30 affidavit. Mentored training includes 31 be documented in the 32 observation, cotreatment, and supervised treatment by a licensed occupational therapist who is authorized to perform sharp debridement 33 with a scalpel under this section or a health care provider who is 34 35 authorized perform wound care management, including to sharp 36 debridement with a scalpel, in his or her scope of practice. Both the 37 two thousand hours in clinical practice and the fifteen hours of

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mentored training in a clinical setting must include a case mix similar
to the occupational therapist's expected practice.

3 (ii) Certification as a certified hand therapist by the hand 4 therapy certification commission or as a wound care specialist by the 5 national alliance of wound care or equivalent organization approved by 6 the board is sufficient to meet the requirements of (b)(i) of this 7 subsection.

8 (c) The board shall develop an affidavit form for the purposes of 9 (b) of this subsection.

10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. The board of occupational therapy practice 11 and the department of health are authorized to create rules necessary 12 to implement this act.

> Passed by the Senate February 23, 2011. Passed by the House April 6, 2011. Approved by the Governor April 15, 2011. Filed in Office of Secretary of State April 15, 2011.